Lecture 15 Scribe? Last time

p Stochastic Gradient Descent

DExamples

P Analysis

Today

D Analysis continued

D Convex guarantees
D Extensions

Theorem Suppose fired >12 is L-smooth and g(x, z) is an unbiased estimator such that

 $\mathbb{E}\left[\|g(x,z)-\nabla f(x)\|^2\right]\leq \sigma^2 \quad \forall x.$ 

Then the iterates of stochastic gradient descent with  $0 < x_k < 2/L$  satisfy satisfy

 $\mathbb{E}\left[\min_{\kappa \leq \tau} \|\nabla f(x_i)\|_{2}^{2}\right] \leq \frac{\left(f(x_o) - \min f\right) + \frac{\sigma^{2}L}{2}\sum_{\kappa = o}^{i}\alpha_{\kappa}^{2}}{\sum_{\kappa = o}^{i}\alpha_{\kappa}\left(1 - \frac{L\alpha_{\kappa}}{2}\right)} + \frac{\sigma^{2}L}{2}$ 

Relevant properties of the expectation be Linearity

Given X.,..., Xn r.v. and constants  $\lambda_1, \ldots, \lambda_n$ , we have  $E[\Sigma]_{\lambda_i}[X_i] = \Sigma_{\lambda_i}[EX_i]$ d Tover law Given two random variables X, 4 Ex [E[YIX]] = E[Y] conditional expectation Proof: By the Taylor Approximation Theorem f(x k+1) < f(xx) + \ f(xx)^T (xx+1-xx)+ \frac{7}{2} ||x|+ \frac{7} = P(xx) - Qx Df(xx) 7 gx + Lx2 11gx 112 Conditioning on X12 because of the E[f(xxx) | xx] = f(xx) - xx E[tf(xx) Tgx | xx] Linearity + LazE[119x1121 xx] = f(xx) - xx \tag{\tau} [[gx]x]

+ Lare [19x1121 xx]

$$\begin{cases}
f(x_k) - \alpha_k \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2 \\
+ L \alpha_k^2 \left[ \sigma^2 + \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2 \right] \\
= f(x_k) - \left(\alpha_k + \frac{L \alpha_k^2}{2}\right) \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2 \\
+ \frac{L \alpha_k^2 \sigma^2}{2}
\end{cases}$$

By Tower Law

臣[f(xx,)] ≤ 臣 p(xx)- [xx+Lx] [ [17f(xx)]<sup>2</sup> + Lx<sup>2</sup>σ?

By recursively applying this formula

 $E\left[f(x_{\tau+1})\right] \leq Ef(x_0) - \sum_{k=0}^{T} \left(\alpha_k - \frac{L\alpha_k^2}{2}\right) E\left[\nabla f(x_k)\right]^2 + \sum_{k=0}^{T} \frac{L\alpha_k^2}{2} \sigma^2$ 

The result follows from reordering and using the fact that

E [min ID F(XK) II] \[ \langle (\alpha\_k - L\alpha\_k^2) \]

< \( \sum\_{k=0}^{\tau} \left(\chi\_k) \left[ \left(\chi\_k) \red{\text{P}} \right] \).

Consequences

If 
$$\alpha_{K} = \frac{1}{L\sqrt{T+1}} \Rightarrow \frac{1-L\alpha_{K}}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$
.

Thus we derive
$$\mathbb{E}\left[\underset{k \leq T}{\text{min }} \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2\right] \leq \frac{\left(f(x_0) - \min f\right) + \sigma_{2L}^2}{\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{7+1}}$$

$$= O\left(\frac{1}{77}\right).$$

By Jensen's inequality

This is nother slow, however it improves when have convexity.

Convex guarantees

Theorem Consider the same setting as the previous theorem, further assume that  $\alpha_k = \alpha \leq \frac{1}{L}$ , f is convex and x\* eargminf. Then  $\mathbb{E}\left[\min_{k \in T} \left\{f(x_k) - f(x^*)\right\}\right] \leq \frac{\|x_0 - x^*\|^2}{2\alpha(k+1)} + \alpha \sigma^2$ 

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In particular if x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{7+1}} and T \ge L^2
  \mathbb{E}\left[\min_{k \in T} \left\{f(x_k) - f(x^*)\right\}\right] \leq \frac{\|x_0 - x^*\|^2 + 2\sigma^2}{2V_{K+L}}
  Proof When \alpha \leq \frac{1}{L}, (12) gives
E[f(xx+1)|xx] < f(xx) - = 110f(xx) 112 + x02
    By convexity
By Assumption ( F(x*) - V f(xk) T(x* - xk)
                      - x E [19(xx, 2)1/x ]
 世[lg(x)を)l21x] - で2
      < 11 > f(x)112
                   + x 11 g(1, 2) 112 [X]
Using that
                + & O2
11x k+1 x 112 = 11xx - x+ - a gx 112 = 11x - x+112+2agx (x+-xx)+x2 |gx|2
              + a 0 2
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By Tower Law

E[
$$f(x_{k+1}) - f(x^*)$$
]  $\leq \frac{1}{2\alpha} E[|x_{k+1} - x^*||^2 - ||x_k - x^*||^2]$   
+  $\kappa \sigma^2$ .

Once more the result follows by summing up and dividing by T.

## Remark

The vale above is of the order  $O(\frac{1}{47})$ , exactly like the rafe for nonsmooth convex optimization.

o in HW4 you'll show the same rate for stochestre nonsmooth convex opt. There, we will have g(x, z) s.t. ELg(x, 2) e af(x).

## Extensions

Acceleration?

The noise dominates and leads to slow convergence. Best known rate  $O\left(\frac{-11\times - \times ^{4}11^{2}}{7^{2}} + \frac{\sigma^{2}}{\sqrt{\tau}}\right).$ 

Randomized coordinate descent Assume our oracle is in Unif( $\{1, ..., d\}$ )  $g(x, i) = d \cdot \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i}(x) \cdot e_i$ . The analysis above yields a guaratee but we can do better.

Theorem. Assume  $f:\mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}$  L-smooth.

Then SGD with (i) and  $\alpha_k = \frac{1}{Ld}$ gields  $\mathbb{E} \left[ \min_{k \le T} \|\nabla f(x_k)\|^2 \right] \le 2Ld(f(x_k) - \min_{k \le T})$ Proof Indeed this oracle gives descent

At iter K,  $f(x_{k+1}) \le f(x_k) + \nabla f(x_k)^T (x_{k+1} - x_k)$   $+ \frac{L}{2} \|x_{k+1} - x_k\|^2$   $= f(x_k) - \frac{1}{Ld} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_k} (x_k) \cdot \nabla f(x_k)^T c_1$ 

 $= f(x) - \frac{1}{2L} \left( \frac{\partial f(x_k)}{\partial x_k} \right)^2.$ 

 $+\frac{1}{2Ld^2}\left(\frac{d^2+(x_k)}{dx_k}(x_k)\right)^2$ 

Taking expectations  $\mathbb{E}\left[f(x_{k+1})\right] \leq \mathbb{E}\left[f(x_{k})\right] - \frac{1}{2L} \mathbb{E}\left[\left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x_{i}}(x_{k})\right)\right]$  $\mathbb{E}\left[\left(\frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x}\right)^{2}\right] = \frac{1}{d} \|\nabla f(x_{k})\|^{2}.$ By recursively applying the formula above, we obtain 臣[f(x,)] = 臣[f(x,)] - 1/2Ld 是臣[10f(x,)]] Reordering and multiplying by 1, yields E[min 110f(xx)12] < 2Ld (f(xo)-minf)

This is the same rate as in the deterministic case.

Extensions to greedy and cyclic rules can be found in [Nutini, ICML'15] and [Beck, Tetrushuli, SIOPT 15'].

## Stochastic Variance Reduced Gradient (SVRG) Recall the finite sum problem $\min_{x} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{x} f_{x}(x).$ The SVRG reads as follows Algorithm for j = 0, ..., 2dPraw $l \sim Unif(l1, ..., n)$ $g_j \leftarrow \nabla f(x_i) + \nabla p_j$ $g_j \leftarrow \nabla f(x_i) + \nabla f_l(y_i) - \nabla f_l(x_i)$ $\forall j_{i+1} \leftarrow \forall j_i - \alpha g_j$ end for 2d $\hat{x}_{ii} = \frac{1}{2d+1} \sum_{j=0}^{2d} y_j$ end for

Theorem: Assume  $f:\mathbb{R}^d \to \mathbb{R}$  L-smooth M-strongly convex. Then, if  $\alpha$  sufficiently small  $g \in (0,1)$ .  $\mathbb{E} \left[ f(\widehat{x}_k) - \min f \right] \leq g^k \left[ f(\widehat{x}_0) - \min f \right].$ Proof: [Johnson, Zhang 2013]